
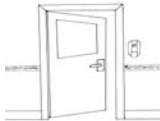

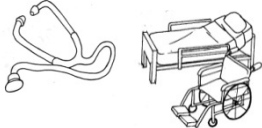






Airborne Precautions

	<p>Hand Hygiene as per Routine Practices Hand hygiene is performed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Before and after each client/patient/resident contact ✓ Before performing invasive procedures ✓ Before preparing, handling, serving or eating food ✓ After care involving body fluids and before moving to another activity ✓ Before putting on and after taking off gloves and other PPE ✓ After personal body functions (e.g., blowing one's nose) ✓ Whenever hands come into contact with secretions, excretions, blood and body fluids ✓ After contact with items in the client/patient/resident's environment ✓ Whenever there is doubt about the necessity for doing so
	<p>Client/Patient/Resident Placement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Single room with own toileting facilities ✓ Room must have negative pressure ventilation with room air exhausted outside or through a HEPA filter ✓ Monitor negative pressure daily while in use ✓ Door must remain closed
	<p>N95 Respirator</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Wear a fit-tested, seal-checked N95 respirator for entry to the room for TB patients ✓ For measles, varicella or disseminated zoster, only immune staff are to enter the room and an N95 respirator is not required
	<p>Environment and Equipment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Equipment that is being used by more than one client/patient/resident must be cleaned between patients/residents ✓ All high-touch surfaces in the patient's room must be cleaned at least daily
	<p>Client/Patient/Resident Transport</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Client/patient/resident to wear a mask during transport ✓ Transport staff to wear an N95 respirator during transport
	<p>Visitors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Visitors must be kept to a minimum ✓ Visitors must perform hand hygiene before entry and on leaving the room ✓ For TB, household members do not require an N95 respirator ✓ For TB, non-household visitors require an N95 respirator ✓ For measles/varicella, visitors should be counselled before entering the room

***Direct Care:** Providing hands-on care, such as bathing, washing, turning the patient, changing clothing, continence care, dressing changes, care of open wounds/lesions or toileting. Feeding and pushing a wheelchair are not classified as direct care.