



# CANADIAN HEALTH CARE AGENCY

## EXPERIENCE THE NORTH

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### Prenatal Care True and False Questionnaire

1. The determination of a gestational age is important for assessment and management, scheduling, and for awareness of maternal diseases: **True** ☐ **False** ☐
2. Monthly visits are required following the initial visit after 10 weeks, and blood work is done every other month:  
**True** ☐ **False** ☐
3. During the pregnancy, other important visits and testing include the initial ultrasound at 7-8 weeks, the second ultrasound at 17-20 weeks for fetal assessment, and physician visits at every trimester: **True** ☐ **False** ☐
4. Physical examinations of the patient include a head-to-toe examination, breast changes regarding tenderness, thyroid size changes, and murmurs. Uterine size is also examined by a bimanual exam: **True** ☐ **False** ☐
5. Chorionic Villus Sampling, known as CVS, is a chromosome analysis test completed at 8-14 weeks either by trans-cervical or trans-abdominal method: **True** ☐ **False** ☐
6. Amniocentesis is another chromosome analysis test which can be completed prior to 15 weeks: **True** ☐ **False** ☐
7. Topics of patient teaching in all three trimesters include discomforts of pregnancy, danger signs, nutrition and weight gain, fetal growth and development, sexual activity and sibling preparation:  
**True** ☐ **False** ☐
8. All drugs need to be avoided during pregnancy:  
**True** ☐ **False** ☐
9. A danger sign in pregnancy includes the change in fetal movement (absence, pattern, or count change). Kick count begins at 32 weeks:  
**True** ☐ **False** ☐
10. A life-threatening syndrome during pregnancy, and a variant of pre-eclampsia can be identified by **Hemolytic anemia, Elevated Liver enzymes and Low Platelet count (HELLP)**: **True** ☐ **False** ☐